



Plenary sitting

2019/xxxx(RSP)

22.11.2019

MOTION FOR A RESOLUTION

further to Questions for Oral Answer B9-0000/2019

pursuant to Rule 132(2) of the Rules of Procedure

on climate and environmental emergency
(2019/xxxx(RSP))

Bas Eickhout, Michael Bloss, Marie Toussaint, Karima Delli, Damien Carême,
on behalf of the Greens/EFA Group

B9-0000/2019

**European Parliament resolution on climate and environmental emergency
(2019/xxxx(RSP))**

The European Parliament,

- having regard to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and the Kyoto Protocol thereto,
 - having regard to the Agreement adopted at the 21st Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC (COP21) in Paris on 12 December 2015 (the Paris Agreement),
 - having regard to the United Nations Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD),
 - having regard to the latest and most comprehensive scientific evidence on the damaging effects of climate change provided by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) special report entitled ‘Global Warming of 1.5°C’, its fifth assessment report (AR5) and its synthesis report, the IPCC special report on Climate Change and Land, and the IPCC special report on the Ocean and Cryosphere in a Changing Climate,
 - having regard to the massive threat of loss of biodiversity described by the Global Assessment Report on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services by the Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services in its report of 6 May of 2019,
 - having regard to the 25th Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC (COP25) to be held in a Madrid, Spain, from 2nd to 13th of December 2019,
 - having regard to the 26th Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC to be held in December 2020 and where all the Parties to the UNFCCC needs to increase their Nationally Determined Contributions in line with the objectives of the Paris Agreement,
 - having regard to the 15th Conference of Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (COP15) to be held in Kunming, China, in October 2020 where Parties need to decide on the post-2020 global framework to halt biodiversity loss,
 - having regard to Rule 132(2) of its Rules of Procedure,
1. Declares an environmental and climate emergency, and calls on the Commission and the Member States, and commits itself, to take immediate action accordingly;
 2. Considers that immediate and ambitious action in the next five years is crucial if we are to limit global warming under 1.5°C and avoid a mass extinction;
 3. Urges the new Commission to fully assess the climate and environmental impact of all

legislative and budgetary proposals and ensure that they all are fully aligned with the objective of limiting global warming under 1.5°C and of reaching climate-neutrality in the Union as soon as possible and by 2040 at the very latest, and are not contributing to biodiversity loss;

4. Calls on the new Commission to put forward an ambitious proposal for a European Climate Law, including the binding objective of reducing the Union's domestic GHG emissions by at least 65% by 2030 compared to 1990 levels;
5. Urges the new Commission to address the inconsistencies of current Union's policies towards the climate and environmental emergency, in particular through a profound reform of its agricultural, trade, transport, energy and infrastructure investment policies;
6. Commits to ensure that not one single euro from the next MFF will be used to finance activities and projects that are contradictory to the objectives of the Paris Agreement and that contributes to biodiversity loss;
7. Commits to give its consent only to trade agreements with third countries that are signatories to the Paris Agreement and have adopted binding and enforceable measures to fulfil its objectives;
8. Requires that climate measures be accompanied by strong social measures to ensure a fair and equitable transition, especially through tax justice and a Green tax shift;
9. Acknowledges that fossil fuel companies are historically responsible for a substantial share of the world's GHG emissions, and urges therefore the Commission to work on a mandatory framework for those companies and the private sector at large to respect the Paris Agreement and global biodiversity goals;
10. Considers it essential to involve citizens and in particular the younger generations in the definition of policies in this field, so that they have a say in their future; calls on the future Commissioner responsible for the "European Green Deal" convene a citizens' assembly in early 2020 in order to involve the whole population, and especially the youth, in this process;
11. Calls on the Member States public authorities at the national, regional and local levels to take concrete actions towards climate neutrality and to stop environmentally harmful subsidies, and commits to closely monitor the implementation of these plans;
12. Recognises the Parliament's institutional responsibility to reduce its carbon footprint and proposes to adopt, as of 2020, measures to reduce emissions including adopting a single-seat policy and transforming the vehicles' fleet into zero-emission vehicles.
13. Instructs its President to forward this resolution to the Commission, the Council and the governments and parliaments of the Member States.

